CLAIMS

- A device for the electrical initiation of at least 1. pyrotechnic microcharge (3, 3a, characterized in that it comprises a support element 9') having at least one electrically conductive portion connected to a first terminal of a central control unit (8, 8'), a second terminal of said central 10 control unit (8, 8') being intended to be electrically connected to an electrically conductive support, the microcharge (3, 3a, . . . , 3h) being located at a sufficient distance from said conductive support to be able to be ignited by localized heating of the support, 15 this heating being carried out via the conductive portion placed in contact with the conductive support, just beneath the pyrotechnic microcharge (3, 3a, ..., 3h).
- 20 2. The device as claimed in claim 1, characterized in that the pyrotechnic microcharge (3, 3a, ..., 3h) is deposited on the conductive support.
- 3. The device as claimed in claim 1, characterized in that the pyrotechnic microcharge (3, 3a, ..., 3h) is separated from the support by at least one thermally conductive layer.
- 4. The device as claimed in one of claims 1 to 3, 30 characterized in that the conductive portion is produced at least at the top of a finger (6, 6a, ..., 6h and 6', 6'a, ..., 6'i), said finger (6, 6a, ..., 6h and 6', 6'a, ..., 6'i) being positioned so as to bear via its top against the conductive support.

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5. The device as claimed in claim 4, characterized in that the finger $(6, 6a, \ldots, 6h)$ is mounted on a spring $(7, 7a, \ldots, 7h)$.

6. The device as claimed in claim 4 or 5, characterized in that the finger (6, 6a, ..., 6h) is an electrode made of carbon or made of titanium.

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7. The device as claimed in claim 4, characterized in that the finger $(6', 6'a, \ldots, 6'h)$ consists of a boss made of flexible material formed on the support element (9').

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- 8. The device as claimed in claim 7, characterized in that the support element (9') consists of a thermoformed sheet of flexible material in which said boss (6', 6'a, ..., 6'i) is formed, the boss forming a finger intended to bear via its top against the conductive support.
- 9. The device as claimed in one of claims 4 to 8, characterized in that, when the support element (9, 9') comprises a plurality of fingers (6a, ..., 6h, 6', 6'a, ..., 6'i), the electrically conductive portions are connected in parallel to the first terminal of the central control unit (8').
- 25 10. The device as claimed in one of claims 4 to 9, characterized in that, when the support element (9) comprises a plurality of fingers (6a, ..., 6h), the position of the fingers (6a, ..., 6h) can be adjusted.
- 30 11. A microactuator (1, 1a, ..., 1h) comprising an actuating element that can be actuated by the gases emanating from the combustion of at least one pyrotechnic microcharge (3, 3a, ..., 3h), characterized in that said microcharge (3, 3a, ..., 3h) is located at a sufficient distance from a conductive layer (11) to be able to be ignited by localized heating using an initiation device in accordance with that of claims 1 to 10, in which an electrically conductive portion is placed on said pyrotechnic microcharge (3, 3a, ..., 3h)

in contact with the conductive layer (11), just beneath said pyrotechnic microcharge (3, 3a, ..., 3h).

- The microactuator (1, 1a, ..., 1h) as claimed in 5 11. characterized in that the pyrotechnic microcharge (3, 3a, ..., 3h) is deposited on a face of the conductive layer and in conductive portion is in contact with the face (111) of the conductive layer (11) on the opposite side to that 10 on which the pyrotechnic microcharge (3, 3a, ..., 3h) is deposited.
- 13. The microactuator (1, 1a, ..., 1h) as claimed in claim 11 or 12, characterized in that the conductive 15 layer (11) consists of a metal film.
 - 14. The microactuator (1, 1a, ..., 1h) as claimed in claim 13, characterized in that the film is made of aluminum.
- 15. The microactuator (1, 1a, ..., 1h) as claimed in claim 14, characterized in that the aluminum film has a thickness of between 20 and 150 μm .

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- 25 16. The microactuator (1, 1a, ..., 1h) as claimed in claim 14 or 15, characterized in that the aluminum film has a thickness of 70 μm.
- 17. The microactuator (1, 1a, ..., 1h) as claimed in one of claims 11 to 16, characterized in that it is produced by assembling superposed layers (10, 11, 12).
- 18. The microactuator (1, 1a, ..., 1h) as claimed in claim 17, characterized in that it includes a cavity (2a, ..., 2h) formed by the multilayer assembly, in which cavity at least one pyrotechnic microcharge (3a, ..., 3h) is placed, said cavity (2a, ..., 2h) being closed by a layer (12) constituting a deformable membrane.

- 19. A microsystem (1'), characterized in that comprises a support for a plurality of adjacent microactuators (1a, ..., 1h) in accordance with that of claims 11 to 18, the pyrotechnic microcharges (3a, ..., 3h) of the microactuators (1a, ..., 1h) being located at a sufficient distance from the conductive layer (11) to be able to be ignited, each independently, by heating using the initiation device whose support element (9, 9') is fitted onto the support for the 10 microactuators (1a, ..., 1h), said initiation device comprising a plurality of conductive portions connected in parallel to the first terminal of the central control unit (8'), a conductive portion being placed on each of the pyrotechnic microcharges (3a, ..., 3h), in 15 contact with the conductive layer (11), just beneath each of the pyrotechnic microcharges (3a, ..., 3h).
- 20. The microsystem (1') as claimed in claim 19, 20 characterized in that the microactuators (1a, ..., 1h) are all formed from an assembly of the same layers (10, 11, 12).